What role do standards play in the lives of consumers?

Consumer protection is a basic market policy that strives to avoid imbalances between suppliers and consumers. It extends beyond safe products, high-level product performance and consumer-friendly services.

Protection is an essential part of what standardization can achieve for consumers. Protection also comes in the form of access to information about products and services that are based on standards. This makes products and services measurable and comparable. Standardized product information serves as a self-help resource for the informed consumer. Naturally, this kind of information also has a strong impact on what consumers buy.

Beyond the relevant consumer protection laws and legislation, it is up to private standardization bodies to lay down technical requirements for the assessment of the safety and performance of consumer goods. After all, these goods affect the lives of millions of people every day.

It is essential to involve consumer experts when these goods become subject to standardization. The interaction between standardization and legislation has not only become more intense, but also concerns an ever-growing number of products and services.

It is more important than ever that all interested parties – including the consumers – participate in standardization. Who makes the rules for whom? Is there balanced stakeholder participation? Do manufacturers themselves make decisions on the standards that will specify requirements for their products? To solve these challenges, standardization bodies ensure that all interested parties are included in a democratic, consensus-based act of self-regulation. To play a meaningful role in this process, the voice of consumer experts must be strong enough to be influential.

This is the task of the DIN Consumer Council.
The DIN Consumer Council has been representing consumer interests in national, European and international standardization committees for more than 40 years.

The Consumer Council is a Presidial Committee of DIN. The Consumer Council’s office is a part of DIN and located on the same premises.

Who are we?

The Consumer Council – Presidial Committee

The Presidial Committee consists of 5 members who represent different consumer organizations and consumer-related testing and research institutes.

- Federation of German Consumer Organisations – vzbv
- Consumer Institute for Comparative Testing (Stiftung Warentest)
- Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing (BAM)
- Consumer advice center (VZ) Berlin
- DHB – Netzwerk (Professional association of household managers)

All members of the Consumer Council are volunteers and act independently of DIN interests.

The Consumer Council – Office

The Consumer Council’s offices are part of the DIN structure and its staff members are employees of DIN. They represent consumer interests in standardization committees based on resolutions of the Consumer Council Presidial Committee.

The Consumer Council – Voluntary consumer representation

The Consumer Council’s permanent staff is supported by more than 60 voluntary consumer representatives who are nominated by the Consumer Council Presidial Committee for specific standards projects. The volunteers bring with them varied levels of expertise, thus the collaboration with staff ranges from seeking assistance to providing support.

These volunteers work for consumer organizations, consumer advisory centres, testing institutes, special consumer associations and universities etc.

The Consumer Council is largely financed by the German Federal Ministry of Justice and Consumer Protection. DIN contributes financially and provides organizational support.
What are our tasks?

### Consumer Council – Presidial Committee

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<td>sets</td>
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<td>content-related guidelines for consumer-relevant topics in cooperation with Consumer Council offices</td>
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<td>appoints</td>
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### Consumer Council – Office

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<tr>
<td>monitors</td>
<td>consumer-relevant standardization activities including related European legislation and other legal requirements</td>
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<tr>
<td>identifies</td>
<td>missing or inadequate standards (as interpreted by the consumer) by means of accident and product analyses, surveys, expert interviews and studies</td>
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<td>determines</td>
<td>consumer positions in cooperation with consumer organizations, ministries or other consumer-related stakeholders</td>
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<tr>
<td>implements</td>
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<td>represents</td>
<td>consumer positions in relevant national, European and international standards committees</td>
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<tr>
<td>participates</td>
<td>in committees of the association of the European consumer representation in standardization [ANEC] as well as in projects and events of the Committee on Consumer Policy (COPOLCO) of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO)</td>
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<tr>
<td>supports</td>
<td>voluntary consumer representatives who participate in standardization projects</td>
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Examples of our work

The work programme of DIN Consumer Council includes more than 190 projects from different areas of standardization. Below are some examples.

**FINANCIAL SERVICES**
Standards can be the basis for individualized consulting and an informed choice of financial products. The Consumer Council participates in »Financial analysis for private households«, »Mobile banking« as well as »Standardized asset and risk analyses for private investors«. Consumers shall be well informed in order to assess their needs and goals, their financial resources and their risk profiles.

**ELECTRIC BICYCLES**
The Consumer Council is committed to realistic requirements for the mechanical and electric safety of electric bicycles in standardization. But safety requirements are only one aspect; from the consumer point of view, it is important that performance characteristics are covered as well. This includes the electric range of the electric assistance and an interoperable charging solution.

**CONSTRUCTION OF ACCESSIBLE BUILDINGS**
The main goal of standardization in the construction of accessible buildings is that all people, regardless of their physical abilities, are able to participate equally in daily life. The relevant standards offer solutions which help implement this goal. They are applicable to new and existing buildings.

**CHILDREN’S SLEEP BAGS**
It is crucial that our little ones are safe and sound while they sleep. From the consumer point of view, a high level of safety is imperative. The standard shall include requirements covering chemicals, reaction to fire as well as thermal properties. Hazards due to hyperthermia have to be eliminated. Small parts that could be ingested shall not be allowed and the entrapment of body parts shall be prevented.

**COOK & CHILL in MASS CATERING**
This method involves meals being prepared the usual way (up to 90% cooked) and then cooled down directly afterwards. Shortly before sale, the food is heated up again to the consumption temperature. The hygienic requirements are strict. The Consumer Council participated actively in the development of the relevant standard and worked towards a high level of health-related consumer protection.

**CONSUMER-RELEVANT TEST PROCEDURES**
Home appliances shall serve their purpose using as little energy and water (if applicable) as absolutely necessary. The energy label provides relevant information when choosing an energy-efficient appliance. European test standards are the basis for the given values and classes. It is important for consumers that standardized test procedures are reproducible but also reflect use in real life as much as possible.

**USABLE SYSTEMS AND DEVICES**
When developing systems and devices, the focus is often on security and data protection. A basic requirement is easy and accessible use. That applies to devices like ATMs or ticket machines but also to quite complex systems like automated border controls. Safety and data protection measures need to be easily comprehensible and feasible for the user.
Would you like to get involved as a voluntary consumer representative?

The number of consumer relevant standardization projects sometimes exceeds not only the resources of the Consumer Council staff but also their technical expertise.

That is why cooperation with voluntary consumer representatives is a vital part of consumer representation in standardization.

They work primarily as representatives of the Consumer Council in national standards committees, but also occasionally in European and international standards committees.

If you are independent from the supply side and would like to use your technical expertise in the spirit of consumer interests, please contact us.

More information:
www.din.de/go/verbraucherrat