ISO/TR 12112:2018-04 (E)

Metallic materials - Principles and designs for multiaxial fatigue testing

Contents

Page

Foreword v

Introduction vi

1 Scope 1

2 Normative references 1

3 Termsanddefinitions 1

4 General principles 2
4.1 Methodology 2
4.2 Historical development 2
4.3 Specific multiaxial test methods 6
4.3.1 Bending + torsion[6] 6
4.3.2 Axial + torsion[7] 6
4.3.3 Axial + internal pressure[8] 6
4.3.4 Axial + internal + external pressure[9] 6
4.3.5 Axial + internal + external pressure + torsion[10] 6
4.3.6 Cruciform -- LCF[11] 6
4.3.7 Cruciform -- Crack growth[12] 7
4.4 Multiaxial fatigue analysis 7
4.4.1 Computer aided design 7
4.4.2 Fatigue life prediction 7
4.5 Multiaxial fatigue failure criteria 8

5 Axial + torsion testing systems and specimen design 9
5.1 Historical development 9
5.2 Specimen design 11
5.2.1 Design considerations 11
5.2.2 Design recommendations 11
5.2.3 Comparison with ASTM E2207[4] 11
5.3 Machine design 12
5.3.1 Frame 12
5.3.2 Loadcells 12
5.3.3 Strain measurement 12
5.3.4 Control 12
5.3.5 Data acquisition 12
5.3.6 Software 12

6 Cruciform testing systems and specimen design 13
6.1 Historical development 13
6.2 Specimen design 13
6.3 Machine design 14
6.3.1 Frame 14
6.3.2 Loadcells 14
6.3.3 Strain measurement 15
6.3.4 Crack growth monitoring 15
6.3.5 Control 15
6.3.6 Data acquisition 15
6.3.7 Software 15

7 Axial + differential pressure systems and specimen design 16
7.1 Historical development 16
7.2 Specimen design 19
7.2.1 Design considerations 19
7.2.2 Design recommendations 19
7.2.3 Axial stress due to pressure 20
7.3 Machine design 20
7.3.1 Frame 20
7.3.2 Pressure containment 20
7.3.3 Differential pressure 20
7.3.4 Force measurement 20
7.3.5 Pressure measurement 20
7.3.6 Strain measurement 20
7.3.7 Control 20
7.3.8 Data acquisition 20
7.3.9 Software 21

Annex A Historical analysis of specimen geometry 22

Bibliography 29