

DIN EN 13757-5:2016-02 (E)

Communication systems for meters - Part 5: Wireless M-Bus relaying

Contents	Page
European foreword	5
1 Scope	6
2 Normative references	6
3 Terms and definitions	6
4 Symbols	9
5 Introduction	9
5.1 General	9
5.2 Use of retransmission	9
5.3 Repeating	10
5.4 Relaying	12
5.4.1 Overview	12
5.4.2 Use of routers	15
5.4.3 Use of gateways	15
5.4.4 Data duplication	16
5.4.5 Use of power strobed units	17
5.4.6 Error handling	18
5.4.7 Time synchronization	18
5.5 Protocol possibilities	20
6 Mode P, protocol using routers	20
6.1 General	20
6.2 Physical Layer protocol	20
6.2.1 General	20
6.2.2 Transmitter	21
6.2.3 Receiver	22
6.3 Data encoding	23
6.3.1 Manchester encoding	23
6.3.2 Order of transmission of the encoded data	23
6.3.3 Wake up and preamble chip sequences	23
6.4 Data Link Layer protocol	23
6.4.1 General	23
6.4.2 Frame format	23
6.4.3 C-field	25
6.4.4 M- and A-fields	26
6.4.5 The CI-field	26
6.4.6 Message handling	26
6.4.7 Timing requirements	27
6.5 Network Layer protocol	28
6.5.1 General	28
6.5.2 Network Layer format	28
6.5.3 Relaying rules	29
6.6 Application Layer protocol	30
6.6.1 CI-field	30
6.6.2 Error reporting service	30
6.6.3 Network management service	32
7 Mode R2, protocol using gateways	38

7.1	General	38
8	Mode Q, protocol supporting precision timing	38
8.1	General	38
8.2	Physical Layer protocol	38
8.2.1	General	38
8.2.2	Transmitter	38
8.2.3	Receiver	39
8.3	Data Encoding	40
8.3.1	NRZ encoding	40
8.3.2	Order of transmission of the encoded data	40
8.3.3	Wake up and preamble bit sequences	41
8.4	Data Link Layer protocol	41
8.4.1	General	41
8.4.2	Frame format	41
8.4.3	Normal Data Link Layer frame handling	44
8.4.4	Search Link Layer frame handling	45
8.5	Mode Q, Network Layer protocol	47
8.5.1	General	47
8.5.2	Network layer format	47
8.5.3	Address conversion rules	50
8.5.4	Routing rules	50
8.5.5	Timing requirements	53
8.6	Mode Q, Application Layer protocol	54
8.6.1	General	54
8.6.2	EN 13757-1 Application Layer	54
8.6.3	Error reporting	55
8.6.4	Alarm reporting	57
8.6.5	Network Management service	58
8.6.6	Timing requirements	62
8.6.7	COSEM extension	63
9	Single-hop repeaters	64
9.1	General	64
9.1.1	Ways of operating	64
9.1.2	Unregistered repetition	64
9.1.3	Registered repetition	65
9.1.4	Assigned repetition	65
9.2	Physical Layer protocol and data encoding	65
9.3	Media Access duty cycle	66
9.4	Timing	66
9.4.1	General	66
9.4.2	Uplink delay - default time slot	66
9.4.3	Uplink delay - optional timeslot	67
9.4.4	Uplink delay - randomly delayed repetition	67
9.4.5	Downlink delay and FAC-Transmission delay	67
9.4.6	Installation announcement delay	68
9.4.7	Other Device response delay	68
9.5	Data Link Layer protocol	68
9.5.1	General	68
9.5.2	C-Field	68
9.5.3	Address	69
9.6	Transport Layer and Extended Link Layer protocol	69
9.6.1	General	69
9.6.2	Hop Count, (H-field)	69
9.6.3	Repeated Access (R-field)	70
9.6.4	Transfer of H- and R-fields within a frame	70
9.7	Application Layer Protocol	71
9.7.1	General	71
9.7.2	Common functions	71
9.7.3	CI field	72
9.7.4	Repeater management data elements	72

9.8	Error Reporting Services	75
9.8.1	General	75
9.8.2	Error type	75
9.9	Management Functions	76
9.9.1	General	76
9.9.2	Data elements	76
9.9.3	Meter Management	78
9.9.4	Get List	81
9.9.5	Radio Scan List	84
9.9.6	Repeater Status	86
Annex A (informative) Timing Diagrams for a Single Hop Repeater		89
Annex B (informative) Message examples		100
B.1	Command to Repeater and response	100
B.1.1	General	100
B.1.2	Configuration	100
B.1.3	Detailed data, command	101
B.1.4	Detailed data, acknowledge	102
B.2	Readout of Radio Scan List	102
B.2.1	General	102
B.2.2	Configuration	102
B.2.3	Detailed data, command	103
B.2.4	Detailed data, acknowledge	104
B.2.5	Detailed data, request	105
B.2.6	Detailed data, response	106
Bibliography		108