ISO 22341:2021 (E)

Security and resilience — Protective security — Guidelines for crime prevention through environmental design

Contents

Foreword

Introduction

1 Scope

2 Normative references

3 Terms and definitions

4 Understanding environmental context of crime and security risk

5 Basics of CPTED

- 5.1 Key considerations of CPTED
- 5.2 CPTED strategies
- 5.2.1 General
- 5.2.2 CPTED strategies for planning stage
- 5.2.3 CPTED strategies for design stage
- 5.2.4 CPTED strategies for site and social management stage

6 Process of CPTED implementation

- 6.1 General
- 6.2 Oversight body, performance target statement and project team
- 6.3 CPTED process
- 6.3.1 Step 1 — Communication and consultation
- 6.3.2 Step 2 — Scope, context and criteria
- 6.3.3 Step 3 — Risk assessment
- 6.3.4 Step 4 — Risk treatment
- 6.3.5 Step 5 — Monitoring, review, recording and reporting
- 6.4 General principles for CPTED process
- 6.4.1 General
- 6.4.2 Balanced CPTED concept approach
- 6.4.3 Cost-effectiveness
- 6.4.4 Sustainability and resilience
- 6.4.5 Green environment (ecological) approach
- 6.4.6 Adaptive application
- 6.4.7 Evidence-based approach

Annex A (informative) Key considerations of CPTED

- A.1 Where — Identification of the area
- A.2 What — Identification of the problems
- A.2.1 General
- A.2.2 Criminal offences
- A.2.3 Antisocial behaviour
- A.2.4 Fear of crime
- A.3 Who — Interested parties
- A.4 How — Strategies and measures

Annex B (informative) Fundamental CPTED concepts

- B.1 Physical CPTED concepts
- B.1.1 General
- B.1.2 Natural surveillance
- B.1.3 Natural access control

B.1.4 Territorial reinforcement
B.1.5 Image and management/maintenance
B.1.6 Activity support
B.1.7 Site/target hardening
B.2 Social (second generation) CPTED concepts (see Reference [7])
B.2.1 General
B.2.2 Social cohesion
B.2.3 Community connectivity
B.2.4 Community culture
B.2.5 Threshold capacity

Page count: 23