

# ISO 22502:2020 (E)

## Simplified design of connections of concrete claddings to concrete structures

### Contents

	Foreword
	Introduction
1	Scope
2	Normative references
3	Terms and definitions
4	Generalities
4.1	Cladding panel orientations
4.2	Design criteria to connect frame and panels
4.2.1	Isostatic approach
4.2.2	Integrated approach
4.2.3	Dissipative approach
4.3	Strategies to implement isostatic and dissipative design criteria
4.3.1	Sliding-frame (SF)
4.3.2	Double-hinged pendulum (DHP)
4.3.3	Rocking panel (RP)
4.4	Parameters
4.5	Classification
5	Isostatic systems
5.1	General
5.2	Analysis of the building
5.2.1	General
5.2.2	Suggestions for the structural model
5.2.3	Rocking systems
5.3	Analysis of conventional systems
5.3.1	General aspects
5.3.2	General design methodology
5.3.3	Application procedure
5.3.3.1	Practical application
5.3.3.1.1	General
5.3.3.2	Suggestions for the structural model
5.3.3.3	Conditions for strengthening interventions
5.3.3.4	Refined analysis model
5.4	Design of isostatic system connections
5.4.1	General
5.4.2	Structural arrangements
5.4.2.1	Vertical structural arrangements
5.4.2.2	Horizontal structural arrangements
5.4.3	Sliding devices
5.4.4	Hinge connections
5.4.5	Supports with steel brackets
6	Design of conventional connections
6.1	General
6.2	Structural arrangements
6.2.1	Vertical structural arrangements
6.2.2	Horizontal structural arrangements
6.3	Conventional fastening systems
6.3.1	General
6.3.2	Hammerhead strap connection

- 6.3.2.1 General
  - 6.3.2.2 Design based on the simplified model, neglecting panel-to-structure interaction
  - 6.3.2.2.1 General
  - 6.3.2.2.2 Deformation capacity control
  - 6.3.2.2.3 Gap closure control
  - 6.3.2.3 Design based on the refined model considering panel-to-structure interaction
  - 6.3.2.3.1 General
  - 6.3.2.3.2 Hysteretic response envelope
  - 6.3.2.3.3 Hysteretic behaviour model
  - 6.3.2.4 Other aspects
  - 6.3.3 Cantilever box connection
  - 6.3.3.1 General
  - 6.3.3.2 Design
  - 6.3.3.3 Design based on the simplified model, neglecting panel-to-structure interaction
  - 6.3.3.4 Design based on the refined model considering panel-to-structure interaction
  - 6.3.3.4.1 General
  - 6.3.3.4.2 Hysteretic response envelope
  - 6.3.3.4.3 Hysteretic behaviour model
  - 6.3.4 Steel angle connections
  - 6.3.4.1 General
  - 6.3.4.2 Design
  - 6.3.4.3 Design based on the refined model considering panel-to-structure interaction
  - 6.3.4.3.1 General
  - 6.3.4.3.2 Hysteretic response envelope
  - 6.3.4.3.3 Hysteretic behaviour model
  - 6.4 Conventional strengthening and fastening systems
  - 6.4.1 Second line back up devices
  - 6.4.2 Strengthening folded steel plates
  - 6.4.3 Strengthening with steel cushions
- 7 Integrated systems
- 7.1 General
  - 7.2 Analysis of the buildings
  - 7.2.1 General
  - 7.2.2 Behaviour factor
  - 7.2.3 Design aspects
  - 7.2.4 Structural modelling
  - 7.2.4.1 General issues
  - 7.2.4.2 Modelling of the cladding panels
  - 7.2.4.3 Pre-dimensioning of panel cladding connections
  - 7.2.4.3.1 General
  - 7.2.4.3.2 Panels with four connections
  - 7.2.4.3.3 Panels with vertically sliding top connections
  - 7.2.5 Cladding panels detailing
  - 7.3 Design of integrated systems connections
  - 7.3.1 General
  - 7.3.2 Structural arrangements
  - 7.3.2.1 Vertical structural arrangements
  - 7.3.2.2 Horizontal structural arrangements
  - 7.3.3 Base supports
  - 7.3.4 Connections with protruding bars
  - 7.3.4.1 General
  - 7.3.4.2 Strength
  - 7.3.4.3 Designs
  - 7.3.4.3.1 Design against axial yielding
  - 7.3.4.3.2 Design against pull-out
  - 7.3.4.4 Any other data
  - 7.3.5 Connections with wall shoes
  - 7.3.5.1 General
  - 7.3.5.2 Strength
  - 7.3.5.3 Designs
  - 7.3.5.3.1 General
  - 7.3.5.3.2 Design against axial yielding of the anchor bolt
  - 7.3.5.3.3 Design against failure of the concrete in the compression zone

- 7.3.5.3.4 Other failure modes
- 7.3.5.3.5 Any other data – Deformation
- 7.3.6 Connections with bolted plates
  - 7.3.6.1 General
  - 7.3.6.2 Strength
  - 7.3.6.3 Designs
    - 7.3.6.3.1 Design against bolt shear failure
    - 7.3.6.3.2 Design against failure of the connecting plate
    - 7.3.6.3.3 Design against permanent distortion of the bolt holes
    - 7.3.6.3.4 Design against failure of the concrete in the compression zone
  - 7.3.6.4 Any other data
- 7.3.7 Shear keys

## 8 Dissipative systems

- 8.1 General
- 8.2 Analysis of the building
  - 8.2.1 General
  - 8.2.2 Structures with friction devices
  - 8.2.3 Structures with steel cushions
- 8.3 Design of dissipative systems connections
  - 8.3.1 General
  - 8.3.2 Structural arrangements
    - 8.3.2.1 General
    - 8.3.2.2 Vertical structural arrangements
    - 8.3.2.3 Horizontal structural arrangements
  - 8.3.3 Friction devices
    - 8.3.3.1 General
    - 8.3.3.2 Properties
    - 8.3.3.3 Design
    - 8.3.3.4 Behaviour model
  - 8.3.4 Multi-slit devices
    - 8.3.4.1 General
    - 8.3.4.2 Properties
    - 8.3.4.3 Design
    - 8.3.4.4 Behaviour model
  - 8.3.5 Steel cushions
    - 8.3.5.1 General
    - 8.3.5.2 Properties
    - 8.3.5.3 Design
    - 8.3.5.4 Behaviour model
    - 8.3.5.5 Other aspects
  - 8.3.6 Folded steel plates

## Annex A (informative) Design flowchart

Page count: 83