

ISO 20176:2006-04 (E)

Road vehicles - H-point machine (HPM II) - Specifications and procedure for H-point determination

Contents		Page
Foreword		vi
Introduction		vii
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Definitions	2
3.1	H-point	2
3.2	H-point travel path	2
3.3	SgRP (Seating Reference Point), R-point, design H-point	2
3.4	AHP (Accelerator Heel Point)	2
3.5	PRP (Pedal Reference Point)	2
3.6	FRP (Floor Reference Point, rear passenger)	3
4	Measurement procedure for the three-dimensional H-point machine	3
4.1	Summary of installation procedure	3
4.1.1	Measured versus design values	3
4.2	Prepare vehicle and seat	3
4.2.1	Vehicle	3
4.2.2	Seat	4
4.3	Determine the H-point travel path (optional)	4
4.4	Adjust seat to design intent	5
4.4.1	Move seat to design intent position	5
4.4.2	Torso angle and cushion angle	5
4.4.3	Seat in front of test seat	6
4.5	Install HPM cushion and back pan assembly	7
4.5.1	Install the cushion pan	7
4.5.2	Install the back pan	7
4.5.3	Level the HPM	7
4.6	Load the HPM	7
4.6.1	Load the cushion pan	8
4.6.2	Load the back pan	8
4.7	Soak time	8
4.8	Record measurements--digitise HPM points	9
4.8.1	H-point	9
4.8.2	Torso angle and cushion angle	9
4.8.3	Lumbar support prominence	9
5	Optional measurements for driver seat	9
5.1	Leg and shoe installations	9
5.1.1	Mark accelerator pedal centreline	9
5.1.2	Install the shoe fixture	9
5.1.3	Install the shoe tool	9
5.1.4	Install leg segments	10
5.2	Record measurements	10
5.2.1	Pedal Plane Angle	11
5.2.2	Pedal Reference Point	11
5.2.3	Accelerator Heel Point	11
5.2.4	AHP to PRP lateral offset	12

5.2.5	Knee angle and ankle angle	12
5.2.6	Thigh angle and hip angle	12
6	Optional measurements for 2nd or succeeding row passenger seats	12
6.1	Leg and shoe installation	12
6.1.1	Install the shoe tool	12
6.1.2	Install leg segments	13
6.2	Record measurements for rear passengers	15
6.2.1	Floor Reference Point (FRP)	15
6.2.2	Floor Plane Angle	15
6.2.3	Knee clearance and leg room	15
7	Additional optional measurements	15
7.1	Effective head room	15
7.1.1	Install the head room fixture	15
7.1.2	Measure effective head room	16
8	Remove the HPM	16
Annex A (Normative) Description of the Three-Dimensional H-Point Machine (HPM)		17
A.1	Availability	17
A.2	Major components	17
A.2.1	Back pan assembly	17
A.2.2	Cushion pan	17
A.2.3	Lower leg segment	18
A.2.4	Thigh segment	18
A.2.5	Shoe tool and shoe fixture	19
A.2.6	Spring loaded probe	19
A.2.7	Inclinometer (electronic level)	20
A.2.8	Weights	20
A.2.9	Head room fixture	20
A.3	Reference points and angles	20
A.3.1	Pivot locations	20
A.3.2	Support points	20
A.3.3	Divot points	21
A.3.4	Key reference points and lines	22
A.3.5	Posture angles and LSP	23
Annex B (Informative) HPM Specification and Tolerances		25
B.1	Tolerances	25
B.2	Reference posture for specifications	25
B.3	Shoe tool dimensions	26
B.4	Lengths	26
B.5	Widths	26
B.6	Heights	27
B.7	Radii	27
B.8	Weight, HPM only	27
B.9	Support points	28
B.10	Divot point locations	28
B.11	Muslin cloth	29
B.12	Check that HPM is within tolerance specifications	29
Annex C (Informative) HPM Field Checking Procedure		30
C.1	Purpose	30
C.2	Equipment required for checking	30
C.2.1	User provided equipment	30
C.2.2	Checking fixtures	30
C.2.3	Measurement equipment	31
C.3	HPM measurement locations	32

C.4	Summary of measurements and tolerances	33
C.5	Checking procedures	34
C.5.1	Cushion pan	34
C.5.2	LSP scale checks at -15, +25, and 0	36
C.5.3	Back pan	36
C.5.4	Head room probe	38
C.5.5	Thigh segment	39
C.5.6	Leg	39
C.5.7	Data Form	41
D.1.1	File format	42
D.1.2	Datum lines	42
	Bibliography	44
	Annex D (Informative) H-Point Design (HPD) tool description	42
D.1	H-Point Design tool (HPD)	42