

DIN EN 16976:2024-09 (E)

Ambient air - Determination of the particle number concentration of atmospheric aerosol

Contents		Page
European foreword		5
Introduction		7
1	Scope	8
2	Normative references	8
3	Terms and definitions	8
3.1	Aerosol properties	8
3.2	Instrument performance	9
3.3	Flow rates	9
4	Atmospheric aerosol	10
5	Description of the method	10
5.1	Sampling and conditioning	10
5.1.1	Sampling	10
5.1.2	Drying	12
5.1.3	Dilution	12
5.2	Determination of the number concentration with a CPC	13
5.2.1	Condensation growth	13
5.2.2	Optical detection	15
6	CPC performance criteria and test procedures	15
6.1	General	15
6.2	General requirements for the CPC	15
6.3	Test conditions	16
6.4	Performance characteristics and criteria	17
6.5	Test procedures	18
6.5.1	Calibrated flow rate	18
6.5.2	Number concentration measurement range	18
6.5.3	Number concentration detection limit	18
6.5.4	Calibration factor	18
6.5.5	Instrument-specific assessment of linearity and slope of response	18
6.5.6	Detection efficiency curve at low particle size	19
6.5.7	Upper particle size detection limit	19
6.5.8	Zero count rate	19
6.5.9	Response time	19
6.5.10	Dependence of flow rate on supply voltage	20
6.5.11	Measurement uncertainty of temperature and pressure sensor calibration	20
6.5.12	Effect of failure of mains voltage	20
7	Performance criteria and test procedures for the sampling and conditioning system	20
7.1	General requirements	20
7.2	Performance characteristics and criteria	20
7.3	Diffusion losses	21
7.4	Relative humidity	21
7.5	Dilution	21
7.5.1	Dilution factor	21
7.5.2	General criteria for dilution systems	22

7.6	Primary sampling flow	22
8	Measurement procedure	22
8.1	Measurement planning	22
8.2	Environmental operating conditions	22
8.3	Initial installation	23
8.4	Initial checks on site	23
8.5	Data processing and reporting	23
9	Quality control, quality assurance and measurement uncertainty	24
9.1	General	24
9.2	Frequency of calibrations, checks and maintenance	24
9.2.1	General	24
9.2.2	Full maintenance of CPC	25
9.2.3	Calibration of linearity	25
9.2.4	Zero check	25
9.2.5	Number concentration check	25
9.2.6	Actual flow rate check	25
9.2.7	Temperature and pressure sensor calibration	26
9.2.8	CPC internal diagnostics	26
9.2.9	Sample system maintenance	26
9.2.10	Relative humidity sensor	26
9.2.11	Dilution factor (where applicable)	26
9.2.12	Leak check	26
9.3	Measurement uncertainty	26
9.3.1	General	26
9.3.2	CPC plateau detection efficiency	27
9.3.3	CPC detection efficiency drift	27
9.3.4	Flow determination	28
9.3.5	Correction to standard temperature and pressure	28
9.3.6	Diffusion losses in the sampling system	28
9.3.7	Dilution factor (where applicable)	28
9.3.8	Calculation of overall uncertainty	29
	Annex A (normative) Determination of diffusion losses in sampling lines	30
	Annex B (informative) Example of the calculation of diffusion losses in a sampling system 32 B.1	
	Description of the sampling system	32
B.2	Air properties and diffusion coefficient	33
B.3	Losses in the primary sampling tube	33
B.4	Losses in the secondary sampling tube and the dryer	34
B.5	Overall sampling losses	34
	Annex C (informative) Uncertainty calculation (example)	35
C.1	General	35
C.2	CPC plateau detection efficiency	35
C.3	CPC detection efficiency drift	35
C.4	Flow determination	35
C.5	Correction to standard temperature and pressure	35
C.6	Sampling losses due to diffusion to walls	35
C.7	Dilution factor (where applicable)	36
C.8	Calculation of overall uncertainty	36
	Annex D (informative) Atmospheric aerosols	37
D.1	General	37
D.2	Examples of measurements	37
	Annex E (informative) Dilution systems	40

E.1	Background	40
E.2	Operation principles of dilution systems	40
E.3	Design example of a dilution system for drying the primary sampling flow	42
E.4	Operating parameters of a dilution system	43
E.5	Example for the calculation of the uncertainty of the dilution factor	46
	Annex F (informative) Laminar flow	48
	Annex G (informative) Coincidence correction	49
	Annex H (informative) Results of an experimental comparison of different CPCs	51
	Bibliography	56