ISO 16169:2018 (E)

Preparation of silicon carbide and similar materials for analysis by ISO 12677 X-ray fluorescence (XRF) — Fused cast-bead method

Contents

Foreword

1 Scope

2 Normative references

3 Terms and definitions

4 General considerations

5 Choice of preparation procedures

6 Reagents

7 Apparatus

8 Sample

9 Loss on ignition (and/or drying)

9.1 Loss on drying (LOD)
9.2 Loss on ignition (LOI)

10 Preparation procedures

10.1 Method 1 — Oxidation with alkali nitrate followed by fusion
10.1.1 Principle
10.1.2 Method
10.2 Method 2 — Oxidation on bed of fused lithium tetraborate, followed by fusion
10.2.1 Principle
10.2.2 Method
10.3 Method 3 — Oxidation on bed of lithium tetraborate at 840 °C in oxygen, followed by fusion
10.3.1 Principle
10.3.2 Method
10.3.2.1 Weighing of the sample and flux
10.3.2.2 Calcination
10.3.2.3 Sample fusion
10.3.2.4 Removal of fused cast beads
10.3.3 Calibration
10.3.3.1 Preparing beads for calibration curve
10.3.3.2 Calibration curves

11 Completion of the analysis

12 Reporting of results

13 Reproducibility and repeatability of analysis

Annex A (informative) Modification of the method for reduced material types other than silicon carbide

Annex B (informative) Suitable certified reference materials

B.1 General
B.2 Specific application of Japanese reference materials

Annex C (informative) Dilution correction for use with Method 3

C.1 General
C.2 Kinds of correction
C.3 Calibration curves
C.3.1 General
C.3.2 Matrix correction
C.3.3 Calibration of dilution correction coefficient
C.3.3.1 General
C.3.3.2 Measurement of GOI at the oxidation for SiC in 10.3.2.3
C.3.3.3 Measurement of vaporization at fusing for SiO2 in 10.3.2.3
C.3.3.4 Calculation of dilution correction coefficient

Annex D (informative) Statistical data

D.1 Results achieved with method 2
D.2 Results achieved with method 3

Page count: 20