

DIN EN 1018:2026-06 (E)

Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Calcium carbonate

Contents		Page
European foreword		4
Introduction		5
1	Scope	6
2	Normative references	6
3	Terms and definitions	6
4	Description	6
4.1	Identification	6
4.1.1	Chemical name	6
4.1.2	Synonym or common name	6
4.1.3	Relative molecular mass	6
4.1.4	Empirical formula	6
4.1.5	Chemical formula	6
4.1.6	CAS-Registry Number	7
4.1.7	EINECS reference	7
4.2	Commercial form	7
4.3	Physical properties	7
4.3.1	Appearance	7
4.3.2	Density	7
4.3.3	Solubility	7
4.3.4	Vapour pressure	7
4.3.5	Boiling point at 100 kPa	7
4.3.6	Melting point	7
4.3.7	Specific heat	7
4.3.8	Viscosity, dynamic	7
4.3.9	Critical temperature	8
4.3.10	Critical pressure	8
4.3.11	Physical hardness	8
4.3.12	Particle size	8
4.4	Chemical properties	8
5	Purity criteria	8
5.1	General	8
5.2	Composition of commercial product	8
5.3	Impurities and main by-products	9
5.4	Chemical parameters	9
6	Test methods	9
6.1	Sampling	9
6.2	Analyses	9
7	Labelling - Transportation - Storage	10
7.1	Means of delivery	10
7.2	Labelling according to the EU legislation	10
7.3	Transportation regulations and labelling	10
7.4	Marking	10
7.5	Storage	10

7.5.1	Long term stability	10
7.5.2	Storage incompatibilities	10
Annex A (informative) General information on calcium carbonate		11
A.1	Origin	11
A.1.1	Raw materials	11
A.1.2	Manufacturing process	11
A.2	Use	11
A.2.1	Function	11
A.2.2	Form in which it is used	11
A.2.3	Treatment dose	11
A.2.4	Means of application	11
A.2.5	Secondary effects	11
A.2.6	Removal of excess product	12
A.3	Rules for safe handling and use	12
A.4	Emergency procedures	12
A.4.1	First aid	12
A.4.2	Spillage	12
A.4.3	Fire	12
Annex B (normative) Sample preparation and testing of specific surface of calcium carbonate		13
B.1	Sample preparation	13
B.2	Testing	13
B.3	Criteria for non-porous and porous calcium carbonates	13
Bibliography		14